# Newport Mercury

Published for ANN BARBER, opposite the BRICK-MARKET.

1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1800.


## Newport Insurance Company.

The *Stockholders* are hereby notified, that a semi-annual Dividend will be declared on the 26th inst. and be paid on, or after that day, at the *Company's Office*.

That in conformity to the *Charter of Incorporation*, the Election of *Directors* for the year ensuing, will be held at said office, on the first Tuesday in January next, at three o'clock, P. M. at which time and place the *Stockholders* are requested to meet, for the purpose of electing 13 Directors, and for transacting such other business as may be laid before them.

*By Order of the Board of Directors,*
J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*
*Newport Insurance-Office, 22d Dec.* 1800.

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All persons indebted to the estate of Doctor ISAAC SENTER, deceased, are requested to call at the office of the subscribers, where those demands are left for collection.——A compliance with this request will prevent further expence.

D. LYMAN,
G. S. SILLIMAN.
*Newport, Dec.* 12, 1800.

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## Bristol Church LOTTERY.

2000 Dollars the highest Prize, and not one Blank to a Prize.

*First day's drawing Dec.* 10, 1800.

1 Prize of 10 Dollars, No. 2029.

Prizes of 6 Dollars.

635, 1982, 2385, 2778, 2954, 2971, 3674.

Prizes of 5 Dollars.

99, 105, 179, 183, 221, 301, 316, 375, 566, 1000, 1281, 1305, 1533, 1629, 1703, 2203, 2570, 2629, 2763, 3027, 3578, 3621, 3633, 4019, 4166, 4203.

Blanks.

509, 862, 1047, 1235, 1336, 1350, 1454, 1981, 2150, 2214, 2396, 2758, 3036, 3191, 3206, 3334, 3353, 3532, 3654, 3928, 4678, 4896, 4930.

Total 34 Prizes, and 23 Blanks.

The Managers are under the necessity of waiting a few days before they proceed to the second day's drawing, in the hope of receiving more accurate returns, and disposing of some tickets on hand.

N. B. *Tickets for sale, at the* Post-Office *in Newport.*

Bristol, Dec. 11, 1800.

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## FOR SALE,

A neat handsome FRANKLIN STOVE, in perfect order.——Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

*Nov.* 10, 1800.

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## TO BE LET,

*and entered upon the 25th of March next,*

Two Farms on the Island of Prudence.——Containing three hundred and thirty acres, with four houses, two barns, a gristmill, and other out-buildings, also two good orchards—it is well fenced and watered.——For terms apply to

DANIEL CHACE.

*Portsmouth, 12mo. 22d.* 1800.

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## MARY LANDERS,

*Respectfully informs her customers and others*

That having employed a steady honest Man, to superintend her shop, intends carrying on the business as usual.

*Newport, Dec.* 22, 1800.

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## TO BE LET,

*And entered immediately,*

The SHOP and CHAMBER, now in the occupation of Mr. Joseph Burrill.——Apply to

ROBERT M. AMBROSE.

*Newport, Dec.* 22, 1800.

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*In Town-Meeting, Newport, Dec.* 18, 1800.

VOTED, That no person be permitted to carry more than half a cord of Wood at a time, over any of the paved streets in the town of Newport, on the penalty of paying a fine of *Two Dollars*, for each offence; to be recovered before any or either of the Justices of the peace in said town—one half to and for the use of him or her who shall prosecute for the same, and the other half to be paid into the Town-Treasury; and this act be in force from and after the first day of January next; and that said act be published in both the newspapers in this town, three weeks successively.

*Witness,*
JONATHAN ALMY, *Town-Clerk.*

---

To be Sold by
## JACOB RICHARDSON,
AT THE POST-OFFICE,
*(Wholesale and Retail)*

ALMANACKS and Registers of all sorts for 1801.—A great assortment of Books and Stationary. A great addition to the Circulating Library, consisting of Novels, Romances, &c. and all the latest publications. A good assortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur-Trimmings, Russia Skins, Fur-Caps, Gloves, &c. Also a great assortment of Paper-Hangings and Borders.

*Newport, Dec.* 22, 1800.

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## FOR SALE,

The Sloop NABBY, fifty-three tons burthen, well found and ready for sea.

He has also for Sale, Two thousand weight of Cheese; Two thousand bunches of Onions; a quantity of eastern season'd Pine-Boards; and about Eighty thousand North-Carolina Cedar-Shingles.——Apply to JOSEPH LYON on his wharf.

*Newport, December* 22, 1800.

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## To the PUBLIC in General.

THE subscriber has undertaken to work at his calling,—viz.—In Copper, Brass, and Iron, (to mend or make). He carries on his business on the long-wharf, joining on Mr. Jonathan Marsh's shop Eastwardly, and on Mr. Robert Woodward's Westerly, where strict attention will be paid, and every favor gratefully received and acknowledged by their humble servant,

WILLIAM CRANSTON.

*Newport, Dec.* 22, 1800.

N. B. Cash, given for old Copper, Brass and Iron.

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## ELIZA SENTER

Hath a few articles of Houshold Furniture, which she wishes to dispose of at private sale.

*December* 1, 1800.

---

## HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

*Has just Received by the last Ships, via Philadelphia, and has for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at his Shop in Thames-street,*

A new Supply of

English and India GOODS,

suitable for the present and approaching Season, which makes his Assortment complete.

He has also for Sale, Window-Glass 10 by 12 per Box, and a very handsome Assortment of CUTLERY WARE, well assorted.

Likewise Pork per Barrel, and Molasses by the Hogshead.

Any of the above Articles will be sold cheap for Cash or approved Notes.

---

## SUSAN FOWLER

Has just received a new supply of GOODS, suitable for the approaching season;—amongst which are the following:

| | |
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| Broadcloths | Flour'd Camel's-hair Shawls |
| Coatings | Silk & Chintz Ditto |
| Plains | Bonnet Sattins |
| Cassimeres | Modes and Pelongs |
| Swansdowns | Tamboun'd and plain Muslins |
| Baize | Black & colour'd Do. |
| Black and white Flannels | Cotton Cambricks |
| Russels | Tiffany and Muslin-Turbans |
| Calamancoes | Black, white, & fancy Gauze |
| Tammies | Black and colour'd Crapes |
| Bombazets | Tiffany |
| Wildbores | Black & white Minnets |
| 6/4 green Table-Cloths | Cotton Sheeting |
| Black and colour'd Worsted Stockings | Dimity's & Muslinets |
| Ladies & gentlemen's Worsted, Beaver, & Kid Gloves | A great variety of Handkerchiefs. |
| Black Nankeens | |
| Black, white, & co- | |

To the above articles, Mrs. FOWLER has made an addition of an elegant variety of Fancy Goods, and Bonnets of the most fashionable kind, Fur-Trimmings, Muffs and Tippets.—Kid and Morocco Shoes, by the dozen or single pair; Cotton Sheeting by the dozen or single piece; New Raisins and Spices.—She thanks those who have favoured her with their custom, and hopes to merit a continuance of it by the most unremitting attention. *Dec.* 15.

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## GEORGE CHAMPLIN

*HAS FOR SALE,*

St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.
Russia and Raven's Duck.
White and Brown Russia Sheeting.
Russia Iron, assorted; old Sable—and
A few Bolts of best Holland Duck.

*Newport, Nov.* 3, 1800.

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## BENJAMIN HADWEN

Has for sale, at his shop in Thames-street corner of the old Church-Lane,

An Assortment of

FALL and WINTER GOODS,

suitable for the season.

Newport, 10th of 11th Mon. 1800.

---

## JOHN C. SCOTT

*Takes this method of informing his friends and the public in general,*

THAT he has removed from his late place of residence, to the House lately occupied by Mrs. *CATHARINE MALBONE*, a few doors below Banister's wharf—where he has for Sale, a general assortment of English GOODS, among which are the following articles:

English, India, and Italian silks and lutestrings; sattins and pelongs; kid and silk gloves; dimities and humhums; ribbons and silk shawls; camel's hair ditto; Irish linens; Britannias; mens' beaver hats; Navy coat and vest buttons; United States Artillery buttons; dirks and hangers; badges; bohea, hyson, gunpowder, and souchong Tea, per chest or less quantity; Jamaica and Havanna Sugar, by the barrel.

He has also just received from Liverpool, a fashionable assortment of ladies cupola bonnets & hats; children' straw bonnets; ladies Morocco and kid shoes.

☞ He returns his thanks to his former friends, and requests a continuance of their custom. *Oct.* 6, 1800.

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## BENJAMIN HILL

*Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general,*

That he has for sale, a general assortment of West-India Goods; together with an assortment of Liverpool and Glass Ware; superfine, common, and rye Flour, by the barrel or Cwt.; fine Salt by the bushel; and a few bushels of New-York Shagbarks.

He still continues to carry on the Baking-business, and has on hand a quantity of Pilot and Ship-Bread, which he will sell as low as any imported, of equal quality, next door North of Messieurs GIBBS and CHANNING's Store. *Dec.* 8, 1800.

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## DANIEL W. BARKER & Co.

Hereby inform the public, that they have for sale, at their Ropewalk, at the south-end of the town—Bolt-Rope; Cordage and Cables of all dimensions; Rigging by the suit, turned out at the shortest Notice, and manufactured equal to any in the United States.

They return their thanks to their customers, and solicit a continuance of their favours.

*Newport, July* 21, 1800.

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All Persons having accounts unsettled with the estate of the late Dr. ISAAC SENTER, deceased, are again earnestly solicited to call and adjust them without further delay; otherwise resort must be had to the disagreeable Alternative of placing them in the hands of an Attorney for Settlement.

ELIZABETH SENTER, *Administratrix.*
*November* 10, 1800.

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## *NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.*

*Just Opened, and for Sale at the Store of*

E. N. THURSTON,

*Directly opposite Capt.* Peleg Wood's, *and adjoining General* Martin's,

A beautiful and well-chosen assortment of DRY GOODS adapted to the season, and of the latest importations.——Those who will please to call at her Store it is presumed will not be disappointed as it is her method to sell as low as can be purchased in the State.

The smallest favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Nov. 11, 1800.

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## NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the MARINE SOCIETY will be held on Tuesday the 6th of January next, at 10 A. M. for the choice of Officers, &c. *Per Order,*

E. BURRILL, *Sec'ry.*
*Newport, 24th Dec.* 1800

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For Sale, by
## *SAMUEL F. GARDNER,*

Five LOTS of Land, situate in Newport, a little Eastward of *Francis Brinley's Rope-Walk*; containing from three and an half to about six acres each, laid out by accurate survey—having a spring of durable water, except at very dry seasons; is situated, that by means of a lane, laid out for the common use of all the lots, each purchaser will have access to the spring.

*He has also for Sale,*

50 hogsheads of Molasses, and 4000 weight of Cheese, with almost every article in the Grocery line, upon as good terms as can be purchased in this town.

Bohea
Coffee.
Mustard.
Fresh Raisins.
Pepper.
Sherry,
Port,
Malaga, and
Red } WINES.

An assortment of Ironmongery.
Ditto Crockery Ware.

Ditto Dry Goods; among which are Broadcloths; Cassimeres; Swansdown; low prized Linens; and a number of other articles.

*Newport, Dec.* 15, 1800.

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## FRESH GOODS.

## ROBERT LAWTON

Has just Received, at his Store, opposite Mr. *TOWNSEND's* Coffee-House, Thames-street;—a handsome and general Assortment of fashionable DRY GOODS, adapted to the season, among which are,

Broadcloths, fine and superfine; cassimeres; coatings; swansdowns; flannels; baize; Irish linens, &c. &c.

ALSO—A beautiful assortment of calicoes; chintzes, linens, gentlemen's beaver hats; ditto white ribb'd cotton stockings, do. hemp, ladies black and white long silk gloves, farsnetts, pelongs, silk shawls, &c.

All which Goods will be sold at a very low advance.

*Newport, Oct.* 20, 1800.

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*FOR SALE, BY*
## JOHN L. BOSS,

50 Shares in the Newport Insurance Company.

20 Shares in the Bank of Rhode-Island.

1 House and Lot in Third-street, near Bridge-street.

2 Mortgages, amounting to about 3500 dollars, on a House in Thames-street, corner Church-lane, and possession given immediately.

1 Share in the Ohio Company, containing 1173 acres of Land, in 7 valuable lots.

6750 acres of Land in the State of Kentucky.

7 hogsheads of best brown Sugar.

The Brig Peggy, 2 decks, 117 tons burthen, in complete order for sea.

*Also, for Rent or Sale,*

The elegant House, Wharf and Warehouses, owned by Mr. Seth Barton; also the Wharf and Stores, called the Rome estate; together with eight House-lots near Dyre's gate.——The agreeable situation of said estates is so well known, that any further description is unnecessary.——For terms apply to S. BARTON, Baltimore, or

J. L. BOSS.

*Newport, 10th Nov.* 1800.

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## SIMEON MARTIN

*Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,*

GOOD Retailing Molasses per Hogshead; Old 3d-proof Windward-Island and New-England Rum, per hogshead or barrel; first quality Georgia Tobacco per ditto; Cordage of all sizes, per ton or hundred; Swedes' Iron, flat and square bars, per ton or hundred; souchong and bohea Teas, per chest or dozen; Russia and Ravens Duck; mess and prime Pork, per barral; Rock Salt per bushel.

Also Linens; Diapers; Checks; large and small Table-Cloths.

*Newport, May* 26, 1800.

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Whereas *Sarah*, the wife of the subscriber, has eloped from her bed and board, and refuses to return: This is therefore to warn all persons from harbouring or trusting said Sarah, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting after this date.

ASA STEADMAN.

South-Kingstown, Dec. 7, 1800.

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Bristol, Dec. 11, 1800.

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*November* 10, 1800.

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## *NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.*

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50 hogsheads of Molasses, and 4000 weight of Cheese, with almost every article in the Grocery line, upon as good terms as can be purchased in this town.

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|---|---|
| Bohea | WINES. |
| Coffee. | |
| Mustard. | |
| Fresh Raisins. | |
| Pepper. | |
| Sherry, | |
| Port, | |
| Malaga, and | |
| Red | |

An assortment of Ironmongery.

Ditto Crockery Ware.

Ditto Dry Goods; among which are Broadcloths; Cassimeres; Swansdown; low prized Linens; and a number of other articles.

*Newport, Dec.* 15, 1800.

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## FRESH GOODS.

ROBERT LAWTON

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1 Share in the Ohio Company, containing 1173 acres of Land, in 7 valuable lots.

6750 acres of Land in the State of Kentucky.

7 hogsheads of best brown Sugar.

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J. L. BOSS.

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Also Linens; Diapers; Checks; large and small Table-Cloths.

*Newport, May* 26, 1800.

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Whereas *Sarah*, the wife of the subscriber, has eloped from her bed and board, and refuses to return: This is therefore to warn all persons from harbouring or trusting said Sarah, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting after this date.

ASA STEADMAN.

South-Kingstown, Dec. 7, 1800.

From the EUROPEAN MAGAZINE, for 1800.

## THE WINTRY DAY.

BY MRS. ROBINSON.

IS it in manſions, rich and gay,
On downy beds or couches warm,
That NATURE owns the WINTRY DAY,
And ſhrinks to hear the howling ſtorm?
Ah! no!
'Tis on the bleak and barren heath,
Where MIS'RY feels the ſhaft of death,
As to the dark and freezing grave
Her children, not a friend to ſave—
Unheeded go!

Is it in chambers, ſilken dreſt,
At tables, with profuſion's heap;
Is it on pillows ſoft to reſt
In dreams of long and balmy ſleep?
Ah! no!
'Tis in the ruſhy HUT obſcure,
Where POVERTY's low ſons endure,
And, ſcarcely daring to repine,
On a ſtraw pallet mute recline,
O'erwhelmed with woe!

Is it to flaunt in warm attire,
To laugh and feaſt, and dance, and ſing,
— [illegible] the blaſing fire

## BONAPARTE & MADAM BELLISLE.

AMONGST the numerous families whom the French revolution reduced from all the comforts attached to wealth, to extreme indigence, was that of the Marſhal de Coutades; the recollection of whoſe ſervices, could not procure his offspring a dinner. The natural and acquired accompliſhments of his daughter compenſated for the want of national gratitude. A young ſubaltern officer became enamoured of her, and ſhortly after becoming his wife, ſhe accompanied the expedition under Bonaparte to Egypt.

The charms of this lady, her cultivated underſtanding, and the brilliancy of her wit, occaſioned many admirers, whoſe importunity ſhe treated with indifference or contempt.

At length the conqueror of Italy enliſted amongſt her captives, and deſcribed his admiration in a letter, which ſhe immediately handed to her huſband; to whom ſhe expreſſed a high ſenſe of the inſult to which ſhe ſuppoſed her humbled ſtate ſubjected her. Her huſband, however, poſſeſſed too much of that diſcretion, or ſomething elſe, which is attributed to his country, to riſk the conſequences of a quarrel with the General, and urged his wife to treat him with at leaſt politeneſs. In a ſhort time Bonaparte ſent to her a ſecond letter, with which ſhe had augmented cauſe to be offended; but to her importunities to her huſband to appeal to the General againſt himſelf, in order that ſhe might be protected from further inſult, the neceſſity of ſilence and politeneſs was repeated, with a ſtrong picture of the poſſible conſequences of a different conduct.

At length the General, wearied with ineffective ſolicitations, had it privately intimated to the young ſoldier, that diſpatches were about to be ſent to Europe, which would inſure great honor and pecuniary reward to the perſon who ſhould carry them; and that his friend Tallien had ſufficient intereſt to obtain for him the miſſion. He inſtantly applied; and the General with much complacency acceded to the requeſt, obſerving that the veſſel would ſail in three hours.—This the ſubaltern ſaid would be enough for preparation, as his wife had but little to pack up; upon which Buonaparte exclaimed, the ſervice did not permit that a woman ſhould be employed on it; and that he had ordered accommodation for only an officer and his ſervant, no more than whom could poſſibly be embarked. A thouſand circumſtances crowded at the inſtant to the mind of the ſubaltern; but the promiſed rewards, aided by a hint from his friend, of the diſcredit that would attach to him, by refuſing an honorable ſituation which he had ſolicited, merely becauſe he could not have his wife at his elbow, determined him to accept the diſpatches, with which he almoſt immediately took his departure.

Thus deſerted, the lovely unprotected fair was racked by every paſſion, to which a mind of ſenſibility is liable; but largely endowed with what alone can reconcile the children of miſery to their ſtate, and for which the French are pre-eminently diſtinguiſhed, a natural philoſophy, which ſome will term indifference, ſhe in a ſhort time revived her former acquaintance, who repreſenting that her huſband had baſely ſacrificed her to the poſſibility of perſonal emolument, ſhe conſented to receive the viſits of Bonaparte, by whoſe deſire a ſuit of divorce was inſtituted in the court in which Tallien preſided, and which inſtantly abſolving her from all matrimonial obligations, ſhe aſſumed the name of Belliſle, which was that of her family.—Thus far the well-laid arrangement occaſioned every circumſtance to forward the wiſhes of the General; but the highly-diſtinguiſhed Capt. Trowbridge, having captured the veſſel which conveyed the *ci-devant* huſband, ſent him back to Egypt, where on his arrival, he found his late wife preſiding at the table of the General, who mocked his reproof, and inſtinctive threats of vengeance.——In this ſituation madame de Belliſle continued until her protector deemed it expedient to return to Europe; when, pretending that it was neceſſary that he ſhould viſit the ſeveral poſts, he proceeded to Alexandria, and loading two frigates with his treaſures, ſailed with them in a third for France.

Madame de Belliſle, on being informed of this circumſtance, became almoſt diſtracted. Her friends endeavoured to conſole her with aſſurances that, poſſeſſing the entire affection, ſhe would command the future ſervices of the General, who doubtleſs had made her a preſent proviſion ſuitable to his rank, and the eſtimation in which he had publicly held her; but on enquiry it was found that Buonaparte, one of the firſt Generals and politicians, of any age, who upon all other occaſions appeared what his intereſt dictated, and who has made all other paſſions ſubſervient to that intereſt, forgetful of the ſacrifices he had occaſioned, of the affection he had given birth to, of her ſufferings and of his own honor, left her nothing but 30 *dozen* French wine; which, *as he had recommended*, ſhe ſold, and which had brought her about twice as many guineas, with this money ſhe engaged a paſſage to France; but meeting his Majeſty's ſhip Theſeus, was, with ſeveral other perſons detained on board that veſſel. Whilſt in this ſituation, experiencing all the attention and comfort humanity demanded, and circumſtances would allow, the Alliance arrived, in her way to Damietta, to join Sir Sidney Smith, who, Madame de Belliſle, largely participating in the admiration his conduct had inſpired amongſt all perſons that poſſeſſed the means and the candour to properly appreciate it, had long been moſt ſolicitous to ſee. She therefore earneſtly, and at length, even upon her knees entreated to be permitted to make this viſit; but the prince of the mountains, whom Sir Sidney Smith, with his accuſtomed zeal and ability, had conciliated, being on his way with 40 attendants, to concert with that officer on the moſt effective mode of operations, and the French Generals Junot and Denou occupying every other part of our little ſhip, it was indiſpenſible to continue to refuſe her; upon which, after weeping violently for about 10 minutes, ſhe ſprang to her harpſichord and enchanted the company with her finger and her voice.

Being at length re-landed at Alexandria, Tallien renewed a ſuit which had been before unſucceſsful, and to which ſhe now replied, that her fate had made her the miſtreſs of Bonaparte, but that ſhe would not condeſcend to be in the ſame ſtate to any man of leſs exalted character.

It is hinted that even in the caſe of Tallien, ſhe deviated from this purpoſe, and afterwards accepted the offered protection of the younger Dumas on again embarking from the unhoſpitable ſhores of Africa. Whether ſo, or not, we are gratified to learn, that her barque, the only one which eſcaped the detention, we fear fatal, the impolicy of this country directed, landed her ſafely in France, where we truſt the Firſt Conſul will by contributing to her future maintainance, endeavour to atone for the contemptible and criminal manner in which he deſerted her.

## FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, October 27.

The Convention concluded at Paris between the French Republic and the United States of America has been publiſhed. It relieves us from all apprehenſions of any thing hoſtile to this country on the part of America. In re-eſtabliſhing harmony with France, ſhe has not weakened the ties that bind her to this country; and her renewal of friendly intercourſe with the French Republic has not been purchaſed by a ſacrifice of the relations of amity and peace which ſubſiſt between her and Great-Britain.

### *SITUATION OF EUROPE.*

October 28.

Two months ago Europe appeared to be in a ſtate of doubt, uncertainty and expectation. From the borders of the Viſtula to the banks of the Tagus, we perceived nothing but preſages of war and bloodſhed.—Now, however, quiet and ſerenity ſeem to revive, and every where we hear the cry of peace. Yet nothing has yet been done beyond mere preliminaries, and they have an immediate relation only to two powers whilſt peace intereſts twenty different ſtates, or rather all Europe. We ſhall therefore confine ourſelves to a view of what the ſituation of Europe was when France and Auſtria laid the baſes of peace in the midſt of preparations made to give new energy to war.

The reforms, for the moſt part wiſe, which Auſtria had made among her Generals; the levies ordered in Hungary, Bohemia and in all thoſe countries which have ſo often given their ſovereign proofs of inexhauſtible zeal; the journey of the Emperor to the armies; the command of the German army promiſed to the Archduke, whoſe bravery was well known; the hope held out to the brave and indefatigable legions, that they would ſoon ſee again at their head the young Hero who ſo often lead them to victory; the auxiliaries in the pay of England in Germany, and thoſe which ſhe promiſed to take into pay in Italy: all theſe means induced a belief that the court of Vienna was determined to neglect nothing that might contribute to its ſafety and its triumph.

On the other hand, the Chief Conſul did not ſlumber under the laurels of Marengo. Whilſt couriers ſucceeded each other with rapidity between Vienna and Paris carrying from one capital to another the demands, the pretenſions, the aſſent or diſſent of the two Governments, Holland and the Interior of France ſent reinforcements to the troops which occupied Franconia, Suabia, Batavia, the Griſons and the Voralberg. Whilſt the Preliminaries were in diſcuſſion at Paris, a ſecond Army of Reſerve was forming at Dijon. Already was it on its march to Switzerland, or rather it had taken a menacing poſition for the Tyrol; for that province, whoſe mountains ſeem to be the bulwark of the Auſtrian Monarchy, the keys of which were in the power of the French. By the rapid execution of the conſcription, the departments had prepared ſoldiers for new armies of reſerve; France furniſhed men, the neighbouring countries ſupplied proviſions or gold, and the allies, the Swiſs, and the Dutch, however they might be tired of the war, were ſtill on the point of nouriſhing it by their means. The Swiſs, above all, governed by forms and by men who are more acceptable to them, were to ſecond theſe efforts in a military point of view; whilſt diſpoſitions were made to make even Piedmont concur to the ſucceſs of the general plan; whilſt Spain was about to realiſe the attack ſo often menaced againſt Portugal, and thus draw thither the ſuccours which England had deſtined for Italy; finally, whilſt Egypt, under Menou, ſtill occupied the beſt part of the Ottoman forces, and, thus rendered the alliance of the Grand Signior, uſeleſs to Auſtria.

Stronger in their own means than in thoſe of their allies, Auſtria and France were about to diſplay all their reſources. Auſtria, however, wanted the preſence of the Archduke Charles at the head of the army, of which he is the idol, and the return of ſome men of talent worthy of attaching themſelves to her deſtiny. France had the advantage of poſitions, and the encouraging recollection of her recent victories.

On the other ſide, Ruſſia and Pruſſia, ſtruck with the dangers in which a paſſive attitude might involve them, appeared convinced that their dignity and their ſafety impoſed upon them a greater degree of activity.

Private views might alſo occupy, and without doubt ſtill occupy Ruſſia and Pruſſia. The quarrel between England and Denmark has concentrated the attention of Europe upon the pretenſions of the Britiſh Cabinet, with regard to neutral powers.—The reſtitution of the Freya and her convoy ſaved the honour of the Daniſh flag; but the proviſional engagement of not convoying merchantmen has ſatisfied, at leaſt for a time, the pretenſions of England. The great queſtion however remains undecided. The embargo laid by Ruſſia upon Engliſh ſhips, the moment ſhe was informed of the complaints of Denmark, and the promptitude with which it was taken off as ſoon as the Convention with Denmark was known, leaves no doubt with reſpect to the intentions of Paul. Commanding one ſea, the navigation of which the Engliſh are ſo intereſted in preſerving, and able to influence their relations with the Continent, Paul will not remain indifferent to the queſtion which has been adjourned by the negociators of England and Denmark.

Whilſt the Engliſh have eſtabliſhed their empire upon the ſeas, they have experienced by land, during this war, nothing but the frowns of fortune. The failure of their attempts againſt France, and more recently againſt Spain, ſeems to bid them confine themſelves to their proper element. Nature appears to have given them the ſame barrier.

### BRITISH HOUSE OF LORDS, Nov. 11.

KING's SPEECH.

About 3 in the afternoon his Majeſty went in the uſual ſtate to the Houſe of Peers, where being ſeated on the Throne, and the Commons being in attendance below the Bar, he delivered the following moſt gracious Speech:

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

My tender concern for the welfare of my ſubjects, and a ſenſe of the difficulties with which the poorer claſſes particularly have to ſtruggle, from the preſent high prices of proviſions, have induced me to call you together at an earlier period than I had otherwiſe intended. No object can be nearer my heart than that, by your care and wiſdom, all ſuch meaſures may be adopted as may, upon full conſideration, appear beſt calculated to alleviate this ſevere preſſure, and to prevent the danger of its recurrence, by promoting, as far as poſſible, the permanent extenſion and improvement of our agriculture.

For the object of immediate relief, your attention will naturally be directed, in the firſt inſtance, to the beſt mode of affording the earlieſt and moſt ample encouragement for the importation of all deſcriptions of grain from abroad.

Such a ſupply, aided by the examples which you have ſet on former occaſions, of attention to œconomy and frugality in the conſumption of corn, is more likely to contribute to a reduction in the preſent high price, and to inſure, at the ſame time, the means of meeting the demands for the neceſſary conſumption of the year.

The preſent circumſtances will alſo, I am perſuaded render the ſtate of the laws reſpecting the commerce in the various articles of proviſions, the object of your ſerious deliberation.

If, on the reſult of that deliberation, it ſhall appear to you that the evil neceſſarily ariſing from unfavourable ſeaſons has been encreaſed by any undue combination, or fraudulent practices for the ſake of adding unfairly to the price, you will feel an earneſt deſire of effectually preventing ſuch abuſes; but you will, I am ſure, be careful to diſtinguiſh any practice of this nature from that regular and long eſtabliſhed courſe of trade, which experience has ſhewn to be indiſpenſible, in the preſent ſtate of ſociety, for the ſupply of the markets, and for the ſubſiſtence of my people.

You will have ſeen with concern the temporary diſturbances which have taken place in ſome parts of the kingdom. Theſe malicious and diſaffected perſons who cruelly take advantage of the preſent difficulties to excite any of my ſubjects to acts of violation in the laws and of the public Peace, are in the preſent circumſtances doubly criminal, as ſuch proceedings muſt neceſſarily and immediately tend to increaſe, in the higheſt degree, the evil complied of, while they at the ſame time endanger the permanent tranquility of the country, on which the well being of the induſtrious claſſes of the community muſt always principally depend.

The voluntary exertions which have on this occaſion been made for the immediate repreſſion of theſe outrages, and in ſupport of the laws and public peace, are therefore entitled to my higheſt praiſe.

*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,*

Under the circumſtances of the preſent meeting, I am deſirous of aſking of you ſuch ſupplies only as may be neceſſary for carrying on the public ſervice, till the Parliament of the United Kingdoms of Great-Britain and Ireland may conveniently be aſſembled. The eſtimates for that purpoſe will be laid before you; and I have no doubt of your readineſs to make ſuch proviſion as the public intereſt may appear to require.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

I have directed copies to be laid before you of thoſe communications which have recently paſſed between me and the French Government, reſpecting the commencement of Negociations for Peace. You will ſee in them freſh and ſtriking proofs of my earneſt deſire to contribute to the re-eſtabliſhment of general tranquility. That deſire on my part has hitherto been unhappily fruſtrated, by the determination of the enemy to enter only on a *ſeparate* negociation, in which it was impoſſible for me to engage, conſiſtently either with public faith or with a due regard to the permanent ſecurity of Europe.

My anxiety for the ſpeedy reſtoration of peace remains unaltered, and there will be no obſtacle or delay on my part to the adoption of ſuch meaſures as may beſt tend to promote and accelerate that deſirable end, conſiſtently with the honour of this country and the true intereſt of my people: But if the diſpoſitions of our enemies ſhould continue to render this great object of all my wiſhes unattainable without the ſacrifice of theſe eſſential conſiderations, on the maintenance of which all its advantages muſt depend, you will, I am confident, perſevere in affording me the ſame loyal ſupport, which I have experienced through the whole of this important conteſt, and which has, under the bleſſing of Providence, enabled me, during a period of ſuch unexampled difficulty and calamity to all the ſurrounding nations, to maintain unimpaired the ſecurity and honour of theſe kingdoms.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS,

November 12.

Mr. Tierney gave notice, that he ſhould this day fortnight move for a committee of the whole on the ſtate of the nation, and moved for a call of the houſe for that day; Mr. Pitt oppoſed this latter motion; and on taking the queſtion there were, ayes 24, nays 120.

CHARLESTON, December 9.

Accounts from Columbia, received ſunday evening, mention the election of the Hon. John Drayton, as Governor, by a majority of 18; General Richard Winn, as Lieutenant-Governor; and John E. Colhoun, Eſq. as Senator to Congreſs after the 4th [illegible]

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At length the General, wearied with ineffective ſolicitations, had it privately intimated to the young ſoldier, that diſpatches were about to be ſent to Europe, which would inſure great honor and pecuniary reward to the perſon who ſhould carry them; and that his friend Tallien had ſufficient intereſt to obtain for him the miſſion. He inſtantly applied; and the General with much complacency acceded to the requeſt, obſerving that the veſſel would ſail in three hours.—This the ſubaltern ſaid would be enough for preparation, as his wife had but little to pack up; upon which Buonaparte exclaimed, the ſervice did not permit that a woman ſhould be employed on it; and that he had ordered accommodation for only an officer and his ſervant, no more than whom could poſſibly be embarked. A thouſand circumſtances crowded at the inſtant to the mind of the ſubaltern; but the promiſed rewards, aided by a hint from his friend, of the diſcredit that would attach to him, by refuſing an honorable ſituation which he had ſolicited, merely becauſe he could not have his wife at his elbow, determined him to accept the diſpatches, with which he almoſt immediately took his departure.

Thus deſerted, the lovely unprotected fair was racked by every paſſion, to which a mind of ſenſibility is liable; but largely endowed with what alone can reconcile the children of miſery to their ſtate, and for which the French are pre-eminently diſtinguiſhed, a natural philoſophy, which ſome will term indifference, ſhe in a ſhort time revived her former acquaintance, who repreſenting that her huſband had baſely ſacrificed her to the poſſibility of perſonal emolument, ſhe conſented to receive the viſits of Bonaparte, by whoſe deſire a ſuit of divorce was inſtituted in the court in which Tallien preſided, and which inſtantly abſolving her from all matrimonial obligations, ſhe aſſumed the name of Belliſle, which was that of her family.—Thus far the well-laid arrangement occaſioned every circumſtance to forward the wiſhes of the General; but the highly-diſtinguiſhed Capt. Trowbridge, having captured the veſſel which conveyed the *ci-devant* huſband, ſent him back to Egypt, where, on his arrival, he found his late wife preſiding at the table of the General, who mocked his reproof, and inſtinctive threats of vengeance.——In this ſituation madame de Belliſle continued until her protector deemed it expedient to return to Europe; when, pretending that it was neceſſary that he ſhould viſit the ſeveral poſts, he proceeded to Alexandria, and loading two frigates with his treaſures, ſailed with them in a third for France.

Madame de Belliſle, on being informed of this circumſtance, became almoſt diſtracted. Her friends endeavoured to conſole her with aſſurances that, poſſeſſing the entire affection, ſhe would command the future ſervices of the General, who doubtleſs had made her a preſent proviſion ſuitable to his rank, and the eſtimation in which he had publicly held her; but on enquiry it was found that Buonaparte, one of the firſt Generals and politicians, of any age, who upon all other occaſions appeared what his intereſt dictated, and who has made all other paſſions ſubſervient to that intereſt, forgetful of the ſacrifices he had occaſioned, of the affection he had given birth to, of her ſufferings and of his own honor, left her nothing but 30 dozen French wine; which, *as he had recommended*, ſhe ſold, and which had brought her about twice as many guineas, with this money ſhe engaged a paſſage to France; but meeting his Majeſty's ſhip Theſeus, was, with ſeveral other perſons detained on board that veſſel. Whilſt in this ſituation, experiencing all the attention and comfort humanity demanded, and circumſtances would allow, the Alliance arrived, in her way to Damietta, to join Sir Sidney Smith, who, Madame de Belliſle, largely participating in the admiration his conduct had inſpired amongſt all perſons that poſſeſſed the means and the candour to properly appreciate it, had long been moſt ſolicitous to ſee. She therefore earneſtly, and at length, even upon her knees entreated to be permitted to make this viſit; but the prince of the mountains, whom Sir Sidney Smith, with his accuſtomed zeal and ability, had conciliated, being on his way with 40 attendants, to concert with that officer on the moſt effective mode of operations, and the French Generals Junot and Denou occupying every other part of our little ſhip, it was indiſpenſible to continue to refuſe her; upon which, after weeping violently for about 10 minutes, ſhe ſprang to her harpſichord and enchanted the company with her finger and her voice.

Being at length re-landed at Alexandria, Tallien renewed a ſuit which had been before unſucceſsful, and to which ſhe now replied, that her fate had made her the miſtreſs of Bonaparte, but that ſhe would not condeſcend to be in the ſame ſtate to any man of leſs exalted character.

It is hinted that even in the caſe of Tallien, ſhe deviated from this purpoſe, and afterwards accepted the offered protection of the younger Dumas on again embarking from the unhoſpitable ſhores of Africa. Whether ſo, or not, we are gratified to learn, that her barque, the only one which eſcaped the detention, we fear fatal, the impolicy of this country directed, landed her ſafely in France, where we truſt the Firſt Conſul will by contributing to her future maintainance, endeavour to atone for the contemptible and criminal manner in which he deſerted her.

## *FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.*

LONDON, October 27.

The Convention concluded at Paris between the French Republic and the United States of America has been publiſhed. It relieves us from all apprehenſions of any thing hoſtile to this country on the part of America. In re-eſtabliſhing harmony with France, ſhe has not weakened the ties that bind her to this country; and her renewal of friendly intercourſe with the French Republic has not been purchaſed by a ſacrifice of the relations of amity and peace which ſubſiſt between her and Great-Britain.

### *SITUATION OF EUROPE.*

October 28.

Two months ago Europe appeared to be in a ſtate of doubt, uncertainty and expectation. From the borders of the Viſtula to the banks of the Tagus, we perceived nothing but preſages of war and bloodſhed.—Now, however, quiet and ſerenity ſeem to revive, and every where we hear the cry of peace. Yet nothing has yet been done beyond mere preliminaries, and they have an immediate relation only to two powers whilſt peace intereſts twenty different ſtates, or rather all Europe. We ſhall therefore confine ourſelves to a view of what the ſituation of Europe was when France and Auſtria laid the baſes of peace in the midſt of preparations made to give new energy to war.

The reforms, for the moſt part wiſe, which Auſtria had made among her Generals; the levies ordered in Hungary, Bohemia and in all thoſe countries which have ſo often given their ſovereign proofs of inexhauſtible zeal; the journey of the Emperor to the armies; the command of the German army promiſed to the Archduke, whoſe bravery was well known; the hope held out to the brave and indefatigable legions, that they would ſoon ſee again at their head the young hero who ſo often lead them to victory; the auxiliaries in the pay of England in Germany, and thoſe which ſhe promiſed to take into pay in Italy: all theſe means induced a belief that the court of Vienna was determined to neglect nothing that might contribute to its ſafety and its triumph.

On the other hand, the Chief Conſul did not ſlumber under the laurels of Marengo. Whilſt couriers ſucceeded each other with rapidity between Vienna and Paris carrying from one capital to another the demands, the pretenſions, the aſſent or diſſent of the two Governments, Holland and the Interior of France ſent reinforcements to the troops which occupied Franconia, Suabia, Batavia, the Griſons and the Voralberg. Whilſt the Preliminaries were in diſcuſſion at Paris, a ſecond Army of Reſerve was forming at Dijon. Already was it on its march to Switzerland, or rather it had taken a menacing poſition for the Tyrol; for that province, whoſe mountains ſeem to be the bulwark of the Auſtrian Monarchy, the keys of which were in the power of the French. By the rapid execution of the conſcription, the departments had prepared ſoldiers for new armies of reſerve; France furniſhed men, the neighbouring countries ſupplied proviſions or gold, and the allies, the Swiſs, and the Dutch, however they might be tired of the war, were ſtill on the point of nouriſhing it by their means. The Swiſs, above all, governed by forms and by men who are more acceptable to them, were to ſecond theſe efforts in a military point of view, whilſt diſpoſitions were made to make even Piedmont concur to the ſucceſs of the general plan; whilſt Spain was about to realiſe the attack ſo often menaced againſt Portugal, and thus draw thither the ſuccours which England had deſtined for Italy; finally, whilſt Egypt, under Menou, ſtill occupied the beſt part of the Ottoman forces, and, thus rendered the alliance of the Grand Signior, uſeleſs to Auſtria.

Stronger in their own means than in thoſe of their allies, Auſtria and France were about to diſplay all their reſources. Auſtria, however, wanted the preſence of the Archduke Charles at the head of the army, of which he is the idol, and the return of ſome men of talent worthy of attaching themſelves to her deſtiny. France had the advantage of poſitions, and the encouraging recollection of her recent victories.

On the other ſide, Ruſſia and Pruſſia, ſtruck with the dangers in which a paſſive attitude might involve them, appeared convinced that their dignity and their ſafety impoſed upon them a greater degree of activity.

Private views might alſo occupy, and without doubt ſtill occupy Ruſſia and Pruſſia. The quarrel between England and Denmark has concentrated the attention of Europe upon the pretenſions of the Britiſh Cabinet, with regard to neutral powers.—The reſtitution of the Freya and her convoy ſaved the honour of the Daniſh flag; but the proviſional engagement of not convoying merchantmen has ſatisfied, at leaſt for a time, the pretenſions of England. The great queſtion however remains undecided. The embargo laid by Ruſſia upon Engliſh ſhips, the moment ſhe was informed of the complaints of Denmark, and the promptitude with which it was taken off as ſoon as the Convention with Denmark was known, leaves no doubt with reſpect to the intentions of Paul. Commanding one ſea, the navigation of which the Engliſh are ſo intereſted in preſerving, and able to influence their relations with the Continent, Paul will not remain indifferent to the queſtion which has been adjourned by the negociators of England and Denmark.

Whilſt the Engliſh have eſtabliſhed their empire upon the ſeas, they have experienced by land, during this war, nothing but the frowns of fortune. The failure of their attempts againſt France, and more recently againſt Spain, ſeems to bid them confine themſelves to their proper element. Nature appears to have given them the ſame barrier.

### BRITISH HOUSE OF LORDS, NOV. 11.
### KING's SPEECH.

About 3 in the afternoon his Majeſty went in the uſual ſtate to the Houſe of Peers, where being ſeated on the Throne, and the Commons being in attendance below the Bar, he delivered the following moſt gracious Speech:

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

My tender concern for the welfare of my ſubjects, and a ſenſe of the difficulties with which the poorer claſſes particularly have to ſtruggle, from the preſent high prices of proviſions, have induced me to call you together at an earlier period than I had otherwiſe intended. No object can be nearer my heart than that, by your care and wiſdom, all ſuch meaſures may be adopted as may, upon full conſideration, appear beſt calculated to alleviate this ſevere preſſure, and to prevent the danger of its recurrence, by promoting, as far as poſſible, the permanent extenſion and improvement of our agriculture.

For the object of immediate relief, your attention will naturally be directed, in the firſt inſtance, to the beſt mode of affording the earlieſt and moſt ample encouragement for the importation of all deſcriptions of grain from abroad.

Such a ſupply, aided by the examples which you have ſet on former occaſions, of attention to œconomy and frugality in the conſumption of corn, is more likely to contribute to a reduction in the preſent high price, and to inſure, at the ſame time, the means of meeting the demands for the neceſſary conſumption of the year.

The preſent circumſtances will alſo, I am perſuaded render the ſtate of the laws reſpecting the commerce in the various articles of proviſions, the object of your ſerious deliberation.

If, on the reſult of that deliberation, it ſhall appear to you that the evil neceſſarily ariſing from unfavourable ſeaſons has been encreaſed by any undue combination, or fraudulent practices for the ſake of adding unfairly to the price, you will feel an earneſt deſire of effectually preventing ſuch abuſes; but you will, I am ſure, be careful to diſtinguiſh any practice of this nature from that regular and long eſtabliſhed courſe of trade, which experience has ſhewn to be indiſpenſible, in the preſent ſtate of ſociety, for the ſupply of the markets, and for the ſubſiſtence of my people.

You will have ſeen with concern the temporary diſturbances which have taken place in ſome parts of the kingdom. Thoſe malicious and diſaffected perſons who cruelly take advantage of the preſent difficulties to excite any of my ſubjects to acts of violation in the laws and of the public Peace, are in the preſent circumſtances doubly criminal, as ſuch proceedings muſt neceſſarily and immediately tend to increaſe, in the higheſt degree, the evil complied of, while they at the ſame time endanger the permanent tranquility of the country, on which the well being of the induſtrious claſſes of the community muſt always principally depend.

The voluntary exertions which have on this occaſion been made for the immediate repreſſion of theſe outrages, and in ſupport of the laws and public peace, are therefore entitled to my higheſt praiſe.

*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

Under the circumſtances of the preſent meeting, I am deſirous of aſking of you ſuch ſupplies only as may be neceſſary for carrying on the public ſervice, till the Parliament of the United Kingdoms of Great-Britain and Ireland may conveniently be aſſembled. The eſtimates for that purpoſe will be laid before you; and I have no doubt of your readineſs to make ſuch proviſion as the public intereſt may appear to require.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

I have directed copies to be laid before you of thoſe communications which have recently paſſed between me and the French Government, reſpecting the commencement of Negociations for Peace. You will ſee in them freſh and ſtriking proofs of my earneſt deſire to contribute to the re-eſtabliſhment of general tranquility. That deſire on my part has hitherto been unhappily fruſtrated, by the determination of the enemy to enter only on a *ſeparate* negociation, in which it was impoſſible for me to engage, conſiſtently either with public faith or with a due regard to the permanent ſecurity of Europe.

My anxiety for the ſpeedy reſtoration of peace remains unaltered, and there will be no obſtacle or delay on my part to the adoption of ſuch meaſures as may beſt tend to promote and accelerate that deſirable end, conſiſtently with the honour of this country and the true intereſt of my people: But if the diſpoſitions of our enemies ſhould continue to render this great object of all my wiſhes unattainable without the ſacrifice of theſe eſſential conſiderations, on the maintenance of which all its advantages muſt depend, you will, I am confident, perſevere in affording me the ſame loyal ſupport, which I have experienced through the whole of this important conteſt, and which has, under the bleſſing of Providence, enabled me, during a period of ſuch unexampled difficulty and calamity to all the ſurrounding nations, to maintain unimpaired the ſecurity and honour of theſe kingdoms.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS,
November 12.

Mr. Tierney gave notice, that he ſhould this day fortnight move for a committee of the whole on the ſtate of the nation, and moved for a call of the houſe for that day; Mr. Pitt oppoſed this latter motion; and on taking the queſtion there were, ayes 24, nays 120.

CHARLESTON, December 9.

Accounts from Columbia, received ſunday evening, mention the election of the hon. John Drayton, as Governor, by a majority of 18; General Richard Winn, as Lieutenant-Governor; and John E. Colhoun, Eſq. as Senator to Congreſs after the 4th [illegible]

March [illegible], 75 to 73, in the room of Col. Jacob Read, whose term expires.

We also learn that the Electors appointed by the legislature of this state, to vote for a president and vice-president of the United States, met on the 3d inst. at Columbia, as follows, viz.

John Hunter, Esq. in the chair; Paul Hamilton, Robert Anderson, Theodore Gaillard, Arthur Simkins, Andrew Love, Joseph Blythe, and Wade Hampton.

The Electors having been previously notified by his honor the lieutenant Governor, of their appointment, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon they convened at the state-house, conformably to the act of the legislature of this state in that case made and provided. The constitution and law of the United States, and the aforesaid act of the legislature, as they relate to the election of a President and vice-President, were read; after which the electors proceeded to ballot, and upon counting the votes, it appeared that Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, had EIGHT VOTES, and that Aaron Burr, of New-York, had also EIGHT VOTES, and that no other person was mentioned on the ballots of the said electors.

BALTIMORE, December 17.

Extract of a letter from Henry William Desaussure, Esq; member of the Legislature of South-Carolina, to his friend in this city, dated

COLUMBIA, Dec. 4, 1800.

"On Tuesday the election for electors came on, both parties avowing their purpose—the Federalists to support Mr. Adams and General Pinckney—the Anti-federalists to support Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Burr.

*The anti-federal Ticket stood thus:*

| | |
|---|---|
| Robert Anderson | 85 |
| John Hunter | 87 |
| A. Simkins | 84 |
| W. Hampton | 82 |
| Andrew Love | 82 |
| Theodore Gaillard | 85 |
| Paul Hamilton | 87 |
| Joseph Blythe | 82 |

*The Federal thus:*

| | |
|---|---|
| General Washington | 69 |
| John Ward | 69 |
| W. Falconer | 64 |
| Col. J. Postell | 66 |
| Capt. Blasingame | 66 |
| General M'Pherson | 66 |
| H. D. Ward | 63 |
| Thomas Roper | 67 |

"When we arrived here, we found the anti-federalists assembled in great numbers on the spot, and they immediately had a meeting, at which it was moved and carried, (about 60 members present) to support electors, who would vote for Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Burr. This joint mode they fastened upon every one who arrived, and who was known or supposed to be attached to Mr. J. and notwithstanding many of them revolted at the idea of abandoning General Pinckney, they by degrees won them over. As the election approached, the houses filled to the unprecedented number of 115 in the house of representatives, and to the number of 36 in the senate. The nine seats unfilled in the house of representatives, were all from the *lower country.** On examining the opinions of the members, we discovered that we could rely on about 68 or 70. The opinion of about a dozen members were not known, and on sounding them, it appeared reasonable to expect 6 or 7 of them to be with us. This would give us a bare majority. In this dilemma, the Federalists had a very serious discussion of the proper measures to be pursued. On the one hand, we had a doubtful chance of carrying a ticket of electors who would vote for Mr. Adams and General Pinckney. On the other hand, it was certain, that if we would give up Mr. Adams, and consent to vote for electors who would vote for Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Pinckney, we could easily secure the election of Gen. Pinckney; for about [illegible] of the Jeffersonians were extremely reluctant to give up Gen. Pinckney; and many of them requested us privately to agree to this arrangement. We should then have been certain of at least 95 or 96 votes for electors, who would unite in Mr. Jefferson and General Pinckney. After mature deliberation, we resolved to venture all on the election of Mr. Adams and Gen. Pinckney, doubtful as it was, rather than abandon the ground deliberately agreed on by the Federalists over the continent, to support Mr. Adams and Gen. Pinckney equally.

"We have just closed the ballot for Senator to Congress. We put up John Ward and they opposed him by J. E. Calhoun. At the first ballot they had equal votes, viz. 75. At the second vote Calhoun had 75, Ward 73. Calhoun is an honest, virtuous, well-informed man, attached to the constitution, but much attached to Mr. Jefferson. will not go the full length with the party.

* *The federal part of the State.*

HARTFORD, December 22.

*Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Washington, to his friend in Hartford dated December 13.*

I have the unpleasant task of giving you the news as to the result of the S. Carolina election. Mr. Rutledge has just received a letter from respectable authority, stating the result of the choice of electors and their names. The Jefferson and Burr ticket has completely succeeded. General Pinckney could have divided the votes with Jefferson, but firmly and magnanimously refused all compromise to the exclusion or injury of Mr. Adams. General Marshall has communicated the result of the election to the President.——The President speaks in the highest terms of the fair and honorable conduct of General Pinckney, and of the federal party on this occasion. A new order of things may therefore be considered as about to commence."

NEWPORT,
*TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1800.*

## STATEMENT

Of Votes for PRESIDENT and VICE-PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES, given by the ELECTORS on the 3d instant

Whole number 138

To make a choice 70.

| | ADAMS. | PINCKNEY. | JEFFERSON | BURR. | Scattering. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New-Hampshire, | 6 | 6 | | | |
| Vermont, | 4 | 4 | | | |
| Massachusetts, | 16 | 16 | | | |
| Rhode-Island,* | 4 | 3 | | | 1 |
| Connecticut, | 9 | 9 | | | |
| New-York, | | | 12 | 12 | |
| New-Jersey, | 7 | 7 | | | |
| Pennsylvania, | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | |
| Delaware, | 3 | 3 | | | |
| Maryland, | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| Virginia, | | | 21 | 21 | |
| N. Carolina, | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | |
| S. Carolina, | | | 8 | 8 | |
| Georgia, | | | 4 | 4 | |
| Tennessee, | | | 3 | 3 | |
| Kentucky,‡ | | | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| *TOTAL,* | 65 | 64 | 72 | 73 | 2 |

* *Conjectural.*

‡ *This statement of the votes in Kentucky is brought by a New-York Packet, which arrived here yesterday.—The latest paper brought by her is of Wednesday morning, when she sailed.—We have not been able to procure this paper, but are positively assured, that it contains this statement.—All the passengers with whom we have conversed agree in stating, that the universal opinion in New York is, that Mr. Jefferson has lost one vote in Kentucky.*

A slight shock of an Earthquake was experienced in this town, on Christmas morning, between 1 and 2 o'clock.—Notwithstanding a diversity of opinion on this subject, we feel ourselves authorized in stating the fact, by the concurrent testimony of many credible persons.

For several days in the course of last week, the mercury in Fahrenheit's Thermometer, at 2 o'clock, P. M. stood at 54, *being 4 degrees higher than it stood at the same time, and in the same situation, on the 18th of June last.*

A Resolution has been moved in the House of Representatives of the U. S. by Mr. COOPER (a federal member from N. Y.) *for the repeal of the* LAND-TAX.

We understand that Gov. JAY is nominated Chief Justice of the U. S. vice Judge Ellsworth resigned.

We stop the press to mention that a N. Y. Packet has just arrived, by which we learn, that the last report in N. Y. was, that Mr. J. and Mr. B. had equal votes in Kentucky.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

More than three months have elapsed, since the property of this Paper, devolved on the subscriber.—For the continued and increased patronage of the public during that period, they are requested to accept her grateful thanks.

No contract having yet been made for the permanent management of the Paper, it becomes necessary, to give duration and respectability to its establishment, that some steps should be taken, to that effect.

Any person inclining to become concerned in the paper as part proprietor, or to conduct it, for a stated salary, may be made acquainted with the terms, and receive the necessary information by applying at the office of the Mercury. The public may rely, that no person shall be employed in the capacity of Editor, unless he shall be found to possess a sufficient portion of discretion and ability to conduct the paper on just, candid, and moderate principles.

The same assistance which has hitherto been rendered in conducting the paper, will still be continued, until some contract of the kind abovementioned can be made.

ANN BARBER.

*MARRIED.*]—At Portsmouth, (on this Island) Capt. *Robert Irish*, to Miss *Hannah Cook*, both of that place.

*DIED.*]—"On Friday morning the 26th inst. after a few days illness, in the 72d year of her age, Mrs. *Alipb Brinley*, wife of Francis Brinley, Esq. and daughter of the late Col. Godfrey Malbone.—A lady of great worth and respectability.

## Marine Articles

## CUSTOM-HOUSE,

*District of NEWPORT, Dec. 29.*

| | |
|---|---|
| ENTERED, | *From* |
| Sloop Sally, Westcott, | Providence |
| Semiramis, Dennis, | New-York |
| Ranger, Bliven, | Ditto |
| CLEARED, | *For* |
| Sloop Humbird, Collins, | New-York |
| Dolphin, Spencer, | Norfolk |
| Hiram, Weaver, | New-York |
| Nancy, Smith, | Norfolk |
| Pheasant, Webb, | Ditto |
| Polly, Brown, | Edenton |
| Caroline, Ward, | Hartford |
| Schooner Little-John, Brown, | Barbadoes |

## METEOROLOGICAL TABLE.

*Fahrenheit's Thermometer,*

1800.

| DECEM. | Thermo. 7 A.M. | Thermo. Deg. | Thermo. 2 P.M. | Wind. 7 A.M. | Wind. 2 P.M. | Weather. 7 A.M. | Weather. 2 P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23 | 42 | | 47 | SW. | SW. | Fair. | Do. |
| 24 | 45 | | 54 | SW. | NW. | Cloudy. | Fair. |
| 25 | 31 | | 44 | NW. | SE. | Cloudy. | Fair. |
| 26 | 46 | | 54 | SE. | SW. | Cloudy. | Fog. |
| 27 | 53 | | 53 | SW. | S. | Showery | Cloudy. |
| 28 | 47 | | 43 | NE. | NE. | Rain. | Do. |
| 29 | 34 | | 36 | NW. | NW. | Fair. | Do. |

## SALE AT AUCTION.

*On* THURSDAY, *Jan.* 1, 1801, *if fair, (if not, the first fair Day after) will be Sold, on Mr.* AUCHMUTY'S *Wharf,*

A quantity of PINE-WOOD, in Lots, of two Cords each.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

*Newport, Dec.* 29, 1800.

## *NEW GOODS.*

JOHN F. TOWNSEND & Co.

*Inform their Friends and the Public,*

They have received a large supply of DRY GOODS, suited to the season, which with their Goods before on hand, make a handsome and general assortment, which they are now selling very low, at their store in Thames-street, late the residence of Mr. *John C. Scott*, and opposite the great House formerly Governor *JOSEPH WANTON'S*,

*Among which are:—*

| | |
|---|---|
| First-rate superfine Broadcloths. | Cotton Shawls. |
| Second and other quality Ditto. | Camel's Hair Do. |
| Superfine and other quality Cassimeres. | India Muslins and Handkerchiefs. |
| Serges and Elastic cloths. | Cotton Cambricks & Muslins for Gowns —some of which are elegant tambour'd strip'd. |
| Ratteens, blue Coatings, and Lion's Skins for great coats. | Black Muslins. |
| Blue & black Shag. | Calicoes & Chintzes. |
| Baizes, Flannels & Coatings. | Counterpanes. |
| 10-4, 9-4, & 8-4 Rose Blankets. | Irish Linens. |
| Wildbores. | Dimities. |
| Calimancoes and Russells. | Children's Morocco Shoes. |
| Durants & Moreens. | Ladies kid and Morocco Slippers. |
| | Hatter's Trimmings. |

And many other articles, to enumerate which would be too tedious.

*They have likewise*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Best Poland Starch. | Bohea, | TEAS |
| Hair-Powder. | Souchong, & | |
| Blue Wrapping-Paper. | Hyson | |

Just imported.

TO LET—all the HOUSE, lately occupied by Mr. JOHN C. SCOTT, in Thames-street (comprising 44 feet in front) excepting the part occupied as a Store.

*Newport, Dec.* 29, 1800.

The Members of the Newport Association of Mechanics and Manufacturers, are requested to meet at the State-House, on the 5th day of the next month, at 6 P. M.

pr Order,

JOSEPH THURSTON, Sec'ry.

12 mo. 29th 1800.

## NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the MARINE SOCIETY will be held on Tuesday the 6th of January next, at 10 A. M. for the choice of Officers, &c. *Per Order,*

E. BURRILL, *Sec'ry.*

*Newport, 24th Dec.* 1800

For Sale, by

*SAMUEL F. GARDNER,*

Five LOTS of Land, situate in Newport, a little Eastward of *Francis Brinley's Rope-Walk*; containing from three and an half to about six acres each, laid out by accurate survey—having a spring of durable water, except at very dry seasons; so situated, that by means of a lane, laid out for the common use of all the lots, each purchaser will have access to the spring.

*He has also for Sale,*

50 hogsheads of Molasses, and 4000 weight of Cheese, with almost every article in the Grocery line, upon as good terms as can be purchased in this town.

*Newport, Dec.* 26, 1800.

## FOR SALE,

That valuable FARM of the subscriber, situate in South-Kingstown, (Washington county) and formerly occupied by *ROBERT FOSTER*, Esq;——It contains 210 acres of land, well wooded and watered; and has a convenient House and Barn, and other buildings thereon, together with a small Orchard.——The House is a convenient stand for a Tavern, being within a few rods of the Court-House.—For terms apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

TIMOTHY PECKHAM, jun.

*South-Kingstown, Dec.* 26, 1800.

*Rhode-Island District,* ss.

By virtue of a warrant from the Hon'ble *BENJAMIN BOURN* Esq. Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District;

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court by *James Cook, Benjamin Bioren,* & *Lem Messenger* and others, Mariners on board the ship China, James Josiah, Commander against said Ship China, her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, for Wages alledged to be due to the said *James Cook* and others Libellants; and that trial will be had upon said Libel, at a Special District Court, to be holden at Bristol, within said District, on TUESDAY the thirteenth day of *January*, one thousand eight hundred and one, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

W. PECK, *Marshal.*

*Newport, Dec.* 29, 1800.

## BARRINGTON MEETING-HOUSE LOTTERY.

The subscribers having completed the drawing of the First Class of said Lottery, now present the Public with the following

## SCHEME

OF THE

## *SECOND CLASS.*

| *Prizes.* | | *Dollars.* | | *Dollars.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | of | 1000 | are | 2000 |
| 2 | | 500 | | 1000 |
| 6 | | 200 | | 1200 |
| 12 | | 100 | | 1200 |
| 20 | | 50 | | 1000 |
| 20 | | 25 | | 500 |
| 45 | | 20 | | 900 |
| 100 | | 10 | | 1000 |
| 800 | | 6 | | 4800 |
| 1017 | *Prizes.* | | | 13 600 |
| | Deduction for the Lottery, | | | 2400 |

4000 Tickets, at 4 dollars, are 16,000

☞ One of the above prizes of 500 Dollars, will be assigned to the last drawn blank.

The Drawing of this Class will commence on the 15th day of December next.——The prizes will be paid by the Venders of the Tickets, or the Managers, without deduction:—Those of 20 dollars and under, on demand;—those above 20, and not exceeding 100, in thirty days, and all others in sixty days after the drawing is completed. A list of prizes will be published, and copies left with the venders of the tickets.

Prizes not demanded within six months after the drawing is completed, will be considered as generously given for the purposes of the Lottery, and applied accordingly.

JOSHUA BICKNALL, } *Managers.*
WILLIAM ALLEN, }

*Barrington, Nov.* 5, 1800.

N. B. Tickets in the above Lottery are for Sale at Mr. *W. R. WILDER'S* Book-Store, in Newport.

☞ The drawing of the above Lottery is postponed to the 23d day of February next.

March last, 55 to 73, in the room of Col. Jacob Read, whose term expires.

We also learn that the Electors appointed by the legislature of this state, to vote for a president and vice-president of the United States, met on the 3d inst. at Columbia, as follows, viz.

John Hunter, Esq. in the chair; Paul Hamilton, Robert Anderson, Theodore Gaillard, Arthur Simkins, Andrew Love, Joseph Blythe, and Wade Hampton.

The Electors having been previously notified by his honor the lieutenant Governor, of their appointment, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon they convened at the state-house, conformably to the act of the legislature of this state in that case made and provided. The constitution and law of the United States, and the aforesaid act of the legislature, as they relate to the election of a President and vice-President, were read; after which the electors proceeded to ballot, and upon counting the votes, it appeared that Thomas Jefferson of Virginia, had EIGHT VOTES, and that Aaron Burr, of New-York, had also EIGHT VOTES, and that no other person was mentioned on the ballots of the said electors.

BALTIMORE, December 17.

Extract of a letter from Henry William Desaussure, Esq; member of the Legislature of South-Carolina, to his friend in this city, dated

COLUMBIA, Dec. 4, 1800.

"On Tuesday the election for electors came on, both parties avowing their purpose—the Federalists to support Mr. Adams and General Pinckney—the Anti-federalists to support Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Burr.

*The anti-federal Ticket stood thus:*

| | |
|---|---|
| Robert Anderson | 85 |
| John Hunter | 87 |
| A. Simkins | 84 |
| W. Hampton | 82 |
| Andrew Love | 82 |
| Theodore Gaillard | 85 |
| Paul Hamilton | 87 |
| Joseph Blythe | 82 |

*The Federal thus?*

| | |
|---|---|
| General Washington | 69 |
| John Ward | 69 |
| W. Falconer | 64 |
| Col. J. Postell | 66 |
| Capt. Blasingame | 66 |
| General M'Pherson | 66 |
| H. D. Ward | 63 |
| Thomas Roper | 67 |

"When we arrived here, we found the anti-federalists assembled in great numbers on the spot, and they immediately had a meeting, at which it was moved and carried, (about 60 members present) to support electors, who would vote for Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Burr. This joint mode they fastened upon every one who arrived, and who was known or supposed to be attached to Mr. J. and notwithstanding many of them revolted at the idea of abandoning General Pinckney, they by degrees won them over. As the election approached, the houses filled to the unprecedented number of 115 in the house of representatives, and to the number of 36 in the senate. The nine seats unfilled in the house of representatives, were all from the *lower country*.* On examining the opinions of the members, we discovered that we could rely on about 68 or 70. The opinion of about a dozen members were not known, and on sounding them, it appeared reasonable to expect 6 or 7 of them to be with us. This would give us a bare majority. In this dilemma, the Federalists had a very serious discussion of the proper measures to be pursued. On the one hand, we had a doubtful chance of carrying a ticket of electors who would vote for Mr. Adams and General Pinckney. On the other hand, it was certain, that if we would give up Mr. Adams, and consent to vote for electors who would vote for Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Pinckney, we could easily secure the election of Gen. Pinckney; for about ½ of the Jeffersonians were extremely reluctant to give up Gen. Pinckney; and many of them requested us privately to agree to this arrangement. We should then have been certain of at least 95 or 96 votes for electors, who would unite in Mr. Jefferson and General Pinckney. After mature deliberation, we resolved to venture all on the election of Mr. Adams and Gen. Pinckney, doubtful as it was, rather than abandon the ground deliberately agreed on by the Federalists all over the continent, to support Mr. Adams and Gen. Pinckney equally.

"We have just closed the ballot for Electors to Congress. We put up John Ward and they opposed him by J. E. Calhoun. At the first ballot they had equal votes, each 73. At the second vote Calhoun had 75, Ward 73. Calhoun is an honest, virtuous, well-informed man, attached to the constitution, but much attached to Mr. Jefferson. He will not go the full length with the party.

* *The federal part of the State.*

HARTFORD, December 22.

*Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Washington, to his friend in Hartford dated December 13.*

"I have the unpleasant task of giving you the news as to the result of the S. Carolina election. Mr. Rutledge has just received a letter from respectable authority, stating the result of the choice of electors and their names. The Jefferson and Burr ticket has completely succeeded. General Pinckney could have divided the votes with Jefferson, but firmly and magnanimously refused all compromise to the exclusion or injury of Mr. Adams. General Marshall has communicated the result of the election to the President.——The President speaks in the highest terms of the fair and honorable conduct of General Pinckney, and of the federal party on this occasion. A new order of things may therefore be considered as about to commence."

NEWPORT,
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1800.

## STATEMENT

Of Votes for PRESIDENT and VICE-PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES, given by the ELECTORS on the 3d instant

Whole number 138

To make a choice 70.

| | ADAMS. | PINCKNEY. | JEFFERSON | BURR. | Scattering. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New-Hampshire, | 6 | 6 | | | |
| Vermont, | 4 | 4 | | | |
| Massachusetts, | 16 | 16 | | | |
| Rhode-Island,* | 4 | 3 | | | 1 |
| Connecticut, | 9 | 9 | | | |
| New-York, | | | 12 | 12 | |
| New-Jersey, | 7 | 7 | | | |
| Pennsylvania, | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | |
| Delaware, | 3 | 3 | | | |
| Maryland, | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | |
| Virginia, | | | 21 | 21 | |
| N. Carolina, | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | |
| S. Carolina, | | | 8 | 8 | |
| Georgia, | | | 4 | 4 | |
| Tennessee, | | | 3 | 3 | |
| Kentucky,‡ | | | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| *TOTAL,* | 65 | 64 | 72 | 73 | 2 |

* *Conjectural.*

‡ *This statement of the votes in Kentucky is brought by a New-York Packet, which arrived here yesterday.—The latest paper brought by her is of Wednesday morning, when she sailed.—We have not been able to procure this paper, but are positively assured, that it contains this statement.—All the passengers with whom we have conversed agree in stating, that the universal opinion in New York is, that Mr. Jefferson has lost one vote in Kentucky.*

A slight shock of an Earthquake was experienced in this town, on Christmas morning, between 1 and 2 o'clock.—Notwithstanding a diversity of opinion on this subject, we feel ourselves authorized in stating the fact, by the concurrent testimony of many credible persons.

For several days in the course of last week, the mercury in Fahrenheit's Thermometer, at 2 o'clock, P. M. stood at 54, *being 4 degrees higher than it stood at the same time, and in the same situation, on the 18th of June last.*

A Resolution has been moved in the House of Representatives of the U. S. by Mr. COOPER (a federal member from N. Y.) *for the repeal of the* LAND-TAX.

We understand that Gov. JAY is nominated Chief Justice of the U. S. vice Judge Ellsworth resigned.

We stop the press to mention that a N. Y. Packet has just arrived, by which we learn, that the last report in N. Y. was, that Mr. J. and Mr. B. had equal votes in Kentucky.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

More than three months have elapsed, since the property of this Paper, devolved on the subscriber.—For the continued and increased patronage of the public during that period, they are requested to accept her grateful thanks.

No contract having yet been made for the permanent management of the Paper, it becomes necessary, to give duration and respectability to its establishment, that some steps should be taken, to that effect.

Any person inclining to become concerned in the paper as part proprietor, or to conduct it, for a stated salary, may be made acquainted with the terms, and receive the necessary information by applying at the office of the Mercury. The public may rely, that no person shall be employed in the capacity of Editor, unless he shall be found to possess a sufficient portion of discretion and ability to conduct the paper on just, candid, and moderate principles.

The same assistance which has hitherto been rendered in conducting the paper, will still be continued, until some contract of the kind abovementioned can be made.

ANN BARBER.

*MARRIED.*]—At Portsmouth, (on this Island) Capt. *Robert Irish*, to Miss *Hannah Cook*, both of that place.

*DIED.*]—"On Friday morning the 26th inst. after a few days illness, in the 72d year of her age, Mrs. *Alipb Brinley*, wife of Francis Brinley, Esq. and daughter of the late Col. Godfrey Malbone.—A lady of great worth and respectability.

## Marine Articles

## CUSTOM-HOUSE,

*District of NEWPORT, Dec. 29.*

| ENTERED, | *From* |
|---|---|
| Sloop Sally, Westcott, | Providence |
| Semiramis, Dennis, | New-York |
| Ranger, Bliven, | Ditto |
| **CLEARED,** | *For* |
| Sloop Humbird, Collins, | New-York |
| Dolphin, Spencer, | Norfolk |
| Hiram, Weaver, | New-York |
| Nancy, Smith, | Norfolk |
| Pheasant, Webb, | Ditto |
| Polly, Brown, | Edenton |
| Caroline, Ward, | Hartford |
| Schooner Little-John, Brown, | Barbadoes |

## METEOROLOGICAL TABLE.

*Fahrenheit's Thermometer,*

1800.

| DECEM. | Thermo. 7 A.M. | Deg. | 2 P.M. | Wind. 7 A.M. | 2 P.M. | Weather. 7 A.M. | 2 P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23 | 42 | | 47 | SW. | SW. | Fair. | Do. |
| 24 | 45 | | 54 | SW. | NW. | Cloudy. | Fair. |
| 25 | 31 | | 44 | NW. | SE. | Cloudy. | Fair. |
| 26 | 46 | | 54 | SE. | SW. | Cloudy. | Fog. |
| 27 | 53 | | 53 | SW. | S. | Showery | Cloudy. |
| 28 | 47 | | 43 | NE. | NE. | Rain. | Do. |
| 29 | 34 | | 36 | NW. | NW. | Fair. | Do. |

## SALE AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, *Jan.* 1, 1801, *if fair, (if not, the first fair Day after) will be Sold, on Mr.* AUCHMUTY'S *Wharf,*

A quantity of PINE-WOOD, in Lots, of two Cords each.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

*Newport, Dec.* 29, 1800.

## *NEW GOODS.*

JOHN F. TOWNSEND & Co.

*Inform their Friends and the Public,*

They have received a large supply of DRY GOODS, suited to the season, which with their Goods before on hand, make a handsome and general assortment, which they are now selling very low, at their store in Thames-street, late the residence of Mr. *John C. Scott*, and opposite the great House formerly Governor *JOSEPH WANTON'S*,

*Among which are:—*

First-rate superfine Broadcloths.
Second and other quality Ditto.
Superfine and other quality Cassimeres.
Serges and Elastic cloths.
Ratteens, blue Coatings, and Lion's Skins for great coats.
Blue & black Shag.
Baizes, Flannels & Coatings.
10-4, 9-4, & 8-4 Rose Blankets.
Wildbores.
Calimancoes and Russells.
Durants & Moreens.
Cotton Shawls.
Camel's Hair Do.
India Muslins and Handkerchiefs.
Cotton Cambricks & Muslins for Gowns—some of which are elegant tambour'd strip'd.
Black Muslins.
Calicoes & Chintzes.
Counterpanes.
Irish Linens.
Dimities.
Children's Morocco Shoes.
Ladies kid and Morocco Slippers.
Hatter's Trimmings.

And many other articles, to enumerate which would be too tedious.

*They have likewise*

Best Poland Starch.
Hair-Powder.
Blue Wrapping-Paper.
Bohea, Souchong, & Hyson } TEAS
Just imported.

TO LET—all the HOUSE, lately occupied by Mr. JOHN C. SCOTT, in Thames-street (comprising 44 feet in front) excepting the part occupied as a Store.

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pr Order,

JOSEPH THURSTON, Sec'ry.

12 mo. 19th 1800.

## NOTICE.

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E. BURRILL, *Sec'ry.*

*Newport, 24th Dec.* 1800

For Sale, by

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*He has also for Sale,*

50 hogsheads of Molasses, and 4000 weight of Cheese, with almost every article in the Grocery line, upon as good terms as can be purchased in this town.

*Newport, Dec.* 26, 1800.

## FOR SALE,

That valuable FARM of the subscriber, situate in South-Kingstown, (Washington county) and formerly occupied by *ROBERT POTTER*, Esq:——It contains 210 acres of land, well wooded and watered; and has a convenient House and Barn, and other buildings thereon, together with a small Orchard.——The House is a convenient stand for a Tavern, being within a few rods of the Court-House.—For terms apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

TIMOTHY PECKHAM, jun.

*South-Kingstown, Dec.* 26, 1800.

*Rhode-Island District, ss.*

By virtue of a warrant from the Hon'ble *BENJAMIN BOURN* Esq. Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District:

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that a Libel is filed in said Court by *James Cook, Benjamin Bioren*, & *Lewis Messenger* and others, Mariners on board the ship China, James Josiah, Commander against said Ship China, her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture, for Wages alledged to be due to the said *James Cook* and other Libellants; and that trial will be had upon said Libel, at a Special District Court, to be holden at Bristol, within said District, on TUESDAY the thirteenth day of *January*, one thousand eight hundred and one, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

W. PECK, *Marshal.*

*Newport, Dec.* 29, 1800.

## BARRINGTON MEETING-HOUSE LOTTERY.

The subscribers having completed the drawing of the First Class of said Lottery, now present the Public with the following

## SCHEME

OF THE

## *SECOND CLASS.*

| *Prizes.* | | *Dollars.* | | *Dollars.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | of | 1000 | are | 2000 |
| 2 | | 500 | | 1000 |
| 6 | | 200 | | 1200 |
| 12 | | 100 | | 1200 |
| 20 | | 50 | | 1000 |
| 20 | | 25 | | 500 |
| 45 | | 20 | | 900 |
| 100 | | 10 | | 1000 |
| 800 | | 6 | | 4800 |
| 1017 | *Prizes.* | | | 13,600 |
| | Deduction for the Lottery, | | | 2400 |
| 4000 | Tickets, at 4 dollars, are | | | 16,000 |

☞ One of the above prizes of 500 Dollars, will be assigned to the last drawn blank.

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Prizes not demanded within six months after the drawing is completed, will be considered as generously given for the purposes of the Lottery, and applied accordingly.

JOSHUA BICKNALL, WILLIAM ALLEN, } *Managers.*

*Barrington, Nov.* 5, 1800.

N. B. Tickets in the above Lottery are for Sale at Mr. *W. R. WILDER'S* Book-Store, in Newport.

☞ The drawing of the above Lottery is postponed to the 23d day of February next.

## THE BIRTH OF ROMANCE.

BY D'ISRAELI.

"SHE softly parting his incumb'ring wings;
(To smiling Love more lovely smiles she brings;)
"My name is Fiction; by the Graces taught;
To Love, unquiet Love, by Beauty brought."
She said, and as she spoke, a rosy cloud
Blush'd o'er their forms, and shade, and silence shroud;
Through heaven's blue fields that pure caress is felt,
A thousand colours drop, a thousand odours melt.
O'er the thin veil celestial eyes incline,
They laugh at veils, too beautifully fine:
His feeling wings with tender tremors move,
His nectar'd locks his glowing bosom rove.
Love sigh'd—Heaven hear'd—and Jove delighted bow'd—
Olympus gaz'd, and shiver'd with the God—
'Twas in that extacy, that amorous trance,
That Love, on Fiction, got the Child ROMANCE."

## BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

THE Stockholders are notified, That in pursuance of the ninth article of the Charter of Incorporation, a semi-annual dividend will be declared and paid, on Monday the 29th instant.

That in conformity to the sixth and seventh articles of the said charter, a general meeting of the Stockholders is to be holden at the State-house in this town, on Monday the 5th day of January next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be deemed necessary.

Transferring of shares will cease from the 19th instant, until the 31st instant.

*By Order of the President & Directors.*
M. SEIXAS, CASHIER.
*Newport, Dec. 16th, 1800.*

## KINE-POX.

BENJAMIN WAITE CASE,
PHYSICIAN,

Is possessed of genuine matter of the Kine-Pox; proved to be such by his own experiments, made with it in this town: They who wish to be inoculated, by applying to him—may depend upon careful treatment, and strict attention.

*Newport, Dec. 15, 1800.*

## GIBBS & CHANNING

Have for Sale,
St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.

Holland's. Russia and Raven's Duck, of the first quality.

Russia Iron, flat and square, assorted.

Cordage and Cables of all dimensions.

Ticklenburghs, Osnabrigs, and sewing Twine.

Brown and bleached Flemish Linen.

Platilles Royales; Brittannias; Creas; Haarlem Stripes; Rouans; Checks; Estopillas; Wahrendorps; Writing-Paper; Looking-Glasses & Brushes, by the Package.

Bohea, souchong, hyson, chulang, and gunpowder Tea, of the latest importation, by the chest or larger quantity.

China, in dining and tea setts; Cups and Saucers; Bowls and Pitchers—by the Package.

Nankeens; Fans; and Window-Blinds.

New-England Rum by the hogshead or cargo, on short notice.

Molasses per hogshead; best Holland Gin per pipe; 7 by 9 Glass.

Superfine Flour; Spermaceti Candles, &c.

*Newport, Nov. 14, 1800.*

## NATHAN B. MILLER,

*Most respectfully acquaints his Friends, in the Town and Country,*

THAT he has lately received a fresh Supply of such Goods as are usually sold at his Store, consisting generally of

Brandy in Pipes—4th Proof, entitled to Drawback.

Sherry Wine in Ditto—entitled to Drawback—very good.

Ditto in Quarter-Casks.

Port-Wine in Pipes—of an excellent Quality.

India Sugars—Loaf Sugar by the Hundred, or less Quantity—brown Sugar by the Hogshead.

Bolton Chocolate, fresh—a few Hogsheads of Jamaica Spirits.

Geneva by the Cask, and Pepper by the Bag.

Bohea Tea by the Chest, or less Quantity, and a few Cases of Florence Oil.—the Whole of which will be sold as low as at any Store in Newport, for Cash, or approved Notes.

Also, a few Boxes of PIPES—of various Sizes. *Nov. 26, 1800.*

## JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; Salt petre'd Hams; Candles by the Box; Iron Cabouses; Turks-Island Salt; a few Boxes of Havanna Sugar and genuine SPANISH SEGARS.

—ALSO—

Honey by the Hogshead or Gallon, New-York Soap by the Box, and two large Scale Beams.

—LIKEWISE—

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment and various other Articles in the Grocery Line a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties Masters of Packets Passengers &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

*July 1, 1800.*

## JOHN BOURS, jun.

*Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC, in general*
*That he has just received, at his* STORE,
*opposite General MARTIN's,*
A new Supply of
WINTER GOODS,
which he is determined to sell very low.

Also a Number of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

## *GROCERIES of a warranted good quality, and at the lowest prices,*

*WHOLESALE & RETAIL, by*
HAZARD & GARDNER,
*At their Stores, one door North of the Coffee-House, and on Stevens's Wharf,*

*Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, Malaga & Port* } WINES.
*Holland Gin*
*West-India Rum*
*Cogniac & Barcelona Brandy*
*Anniseed Cordial*
*London Porter*
*Gunpowder, Hyson, Souchong & Bohea* } TEAS.
*Green Coffee*
*Rice*
*No. 1. & No. 2 Boston Chocolate*
*Almonds*
*Box Raisins*
*Zante Currants*
*Citron*
*Cloves*
*Nutmegs*
*Mace*
*Cassia*
*Black Pepper*
*Alspice*
*Ginger*
*English Mustard, by the lb. or bottle*
*West-India Cayanne*
*Loaf & other Sugars*
*Salad Oil*
*Anchovies*
*Capers by the lb. or bottle*
*Castile & brown Soap*
*Spermaceti and Tallow mould Candles*
*Naples Hair-Powder*
*Poland white and ragged blue Starch*
*Spanish Indigo*
*Havanna Segars*
*Fig Tobacco*
*Essence Spruce*
*Corks*
*Powder, Shot, &c.*

*Also—A small invoice of fashionable and common assorted Glass Ware.*

*Ditto Brass Latches.*

*Town and country retailers are invited to purchase; liberal credit will be given them.*

*To those who have formed themselves their customers, they tender their express thanks.——Transient custom will be gratefully received.* *Newport, Oct. 51.*

## CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN

Has for Sale, at his Store,
In Newport.
St. Petersburg clean Hemp.

Russia—old Sable Iron, from Two to three Inches broad.

Russia Duck.

Ravens Duck.

White and Brown Russia Sheeting.

*October 27, 1800.*

## H. SENTER,

HAVING returned from England, (through the medium of this paper) wishes to inform his friends and acquaintances, that he intends to prosecute the business of his deceased father.

*Newport, Nov. 24, 1800.*

## TO BE SOLD,

A Two-story HOUSE, situated on the Point, lately occupied by JOSIAS SOUTHWICK, now in possession of his Wife; it stands on a Lot, which extends 100 feet on two streets, a good stand for a shop.—— For terms apply to

BENJAMIN GARDINER,
of Middletown.

*Newport, December 1, 1800*

## EARL & WHITEHORNE

*HAVE FOR SALE,*
At their store, on Major Handy's wharf,
NEWPORT,
A general assortment of
Groceries, Ship-Chandlery, Hardware, &c.

Which they will dispose of on reasonable Terms, by *WHOLESALE* and *RETAIL.*

*Among which are the following articles:*

Old 4th proof Cogniac BRANDY,

West-India Rum
Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe—and Claret } WINES.
Holland Gin
Loaf and brown Sugars
Hyson, Souchong, Chulang—and Bohea } TEAS.
Coffee
Currants
Raisins and Figs
Rice and Salt
Superfine and fine Flour
Rye Ditto
Middlings
Almonds
Essence Spruce
Mustard
Black Pepper
Sweet Oil
Ginger
Starch
Hair-Powder
Allum
Copperas
Brimstone
Lampblack
Spanish Brown
New-York Soap
Vinegar
Spanish Segars
Crockery Ware by the Crate.

Cinnamon; Cassia; Cloves; Nutmegs; Mace; Chocolate; Salt-Petre; 6 by 8 Window-Glass; Grind-stones.

And a Consignment of
DRY GOODS:

Consisting of Superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Cambricks, worsted Hose, &c. &c. which will be disposed of very low.—Also Cabouses and Stoves.

Hibbert's best brown Stout and London Porter; Tobacco; Shot by the bag or single pound; Paints by the keg; Sheet-Lead; sheathing, cartridge, cannon, and writing Paper; English and Raven's Duck; Cordage of all sorts; Bunting; brass Amplitude, and common Compasses; Mattrasses; Quadrants; Tin by the box; Lanthorn-Horns; Time-Glasses; Spikes and Nails assorted; Philadelphia Bar-Iron; Screw-Augers; Files and Rasps; Gimblets; Saws; Hinges; Ship Scrapers; Mops; Scrubbing-Brushes; Japann'd Trumpets; Waiters; Hand-Pumps; Axes; Hatchets; Screws; Deep-Sea Leads; Sail-Needles; and an assortment of Charts.

*A L S O*

China—in Tea Setts; and Windsor Chairs by the dozen.

With many other articles not enumerated.

☞ They likewise transact Business on Commission. *Oct. 7, 1800.*

## *RUM & ONIONS.*

*5 puncheons of 3d proof superior flavoured Grenada Rum.*

*6000 Bunches Weathersfield (Connect.) Onions, for Sale, if soon applied for, by*
*HAZARD & GARDNER.*

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

## E. BURRILL,

*HAS FOR SALE,*

St. Petersburgh Hemp, first quality,
Russia Duck,
Ravens Do.
White and Brown Sheeting
Old and new Sable Iron.

And a few thousand weight of best Bourbon Coffee.

*Newport, November 19, 1800.*

## *GODFREY WENWOOD*

Has for Sale,

NEW superfine and common Flour per barrel; Middlings ditto; Mistic Tyle, per dozen; and Blown Salt, per bushel or less quantity.

—*ALSO*,—

A large quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the bushel. *Sept. 30, 1800.*

THE Partnership of WOODWARD and CRANSTON, is this day dissolved, by consent.—Those who have any demands against said firm, will exhibit them for settlement, and those indebted will please to make payment,

*ROBERT WOODWARD,*
*WILLIAM CRANSTON.*

*Newport, Dec. 15, 1800.*

☞ Wanted, an APPRENTICE to the Blacksmith's Business.—Apply to
R. WOODWARD.

WE the subscribers being by the Court of Probate, for the town of Portsmouth, appointed commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of the estate of *Jabez Sisson*, late of Portsmouth, Mariner deceased, represented insolvent; and six Months from the date hereof being allowed for the creditors to bring in their claims, to either of us,

RICHARD SHEARMAN,
JOSEPH CUNDELL.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment to
BARNEY SISSON, Executor.

*Portsmouth, Dec. 8, 1800.*

## FOR SALE,

The Whole of the real estate of the subscriber, in Newtown, consisting of a two-story Dwelling-House, 28 by 30 feet, with a Cellar under it—together with a Slaughter-house, and other buildings, extending 75 feet—and eight lots of land.——For further particulars apply to

EDWARD PERRY.

*Newport, Nov. 3, 1800.*

## NICOLAS GEFFROY,

Watch-Maker, in Newport,
*Informs the Public,*

He has taken into PARTNERSHIP Mr. L. TISSOT, a superior Workman, late from the Watch-Manufactory in Geneva, who will undertake to make New Watches;—and to repair, in the best manner, for Watch-makers, or private persons, any new-constructed and complicated Watches, and Time-Pieces.——They will also import, from said Manufactory, at nine months warning, all such Watches and Time-Pieces, as their employers shall order. ——They have also constantly on hand, an elegant assortment of warranted, and common English, and Geneva Watches and Time-Pieces, which they will sell on reasonable terms.——In addition to the above, they carry on the Goldsmith's and Silversmith's business, in all its branches; and likewise will make, or repair, any kind of Jewellery, in the neatest fashion.——They also have for Sale, wholesale and retail, all kinds of Jewellery, imported and of the latest fashion; officers' gold and silver Epaulettes; plated and brass Candlesticks; plated and Britannia Tea-Pots; Dirks, small Swords and Hangers; plated Bitts, Stirrups and Spurs; Tea-Trays; Castors; Andirons, Shovel and Tongs; Cutlery-Ware of all kinds; Night and Day Spy-Glasses; ladies and gentlemen's Pocket-Books; Dressing-Glasses; Suspenders; Trusses; Horse-Whips; Razors; Hopkins's famous Razor-Strops; best Beaver Hats; Perfumery of all kinds, from London and Paris; Hair-Powder; Starch; Barley-Sugar, and Sugar-Plumbs; Spanish Segars; best Makaibau and Scotch Snuff; and a great variety of other articles, too numerous to insert here. *Nov. 10.*

## *FOR SALE,*

THE property of the subscriber, situated in the town of Rhinebeck (county of Dutchess, and State of New-York, on Hudson's-River) 100 miles above the city of New-York, and 30 below the city of Hudson.——Consisting of a FARM, containing about 180 Acres, well proportioned into Meadow, Plough and Wood-Land.——On the Farm is a very extensive Orchard of the best fruit, and upwards of 100 barrels of Cider is made annually, beside winter fruit.——A good Dwelling-House, Barn, and Out-houses, all in good repair—The farm is pleasantly situated on the bank of the river, and is an elegant situation for a country seat.—The soil and produce equal to any in the country.

Also the Ferry across the Hudson river commonly known by the name of Esopus-Ferry, which is not exceeded in business by any on the river. It is the main crossing place, from the Nothward and Eastward, of the Western Country, and particularly the common and best rout to Philadelphia—Ohio—Kentucky—New-Connecticut, Susquehanna and Delaware.—It is perhaps the most public Ferry on the North-River.—The Mail crosses it three times every week for Philadelphia, and the business is daily encreasing.

Also the Dock, Store and Landing, with three Dwelling-Houses adjoining (one of which was built last summer, and is handsomely situated, and neatly finished).—The Landing is advantageously situated, and commands a very extensive business.—The country furrounding it, is allowed to be equal to any in the State.—No place on the North-River is probably possessed of more advantages for trade, both from the populousness of the country, or the wealth of the country in general; and it is presumed that navigation might be pursued with the greatest advantage.

Also the Sloop Juno (if wanted with the property) burthen about 90 tons a new Vessel, built principally of live-oak and cedar.——This Sloop is now employed in carrying produce to and from New-York, and is in a very lucrative branch of business.

For further particulars enquire of JOHN HAGADORN, Esq; Attorney at Law, at South-Kingstown, who can give particular information respecting the property—or the subscriber, on the premises, who will give an indisputable title when sold, either separate or together, as may suit the purchaser, and payments made easy.

JOHN RADCLIFF.

*Rhinebeck-Landing, Oct. 15, 1800.*

## THE BIRTH OF ROMANCE.

BY D'ISRAELI.

"SHE softly parting his incumb'ring wings;
(To smiling Love more lovely smiles she brings;)
"My name is Fiction; by the Graces taught;
To Love, unquiet Love, by Beauty brought."
She said, and as she spoke, a rosy cloud
Blush'd o'er their forms, and shade, and silence shroud;
Through heaven's blue fields that pure caress is felt,
A thousand colours drop, a thousand odours melt.
O'er the things-good celestial eyes incline,
They laugh at veils, too beautifully fine:)
His sterling wings with tender tremors move,
His nectar'd locks his glowing bosom rove.
Love sigh'd—Heaven hear'd—and Jove delighted bow'd—
Olympus gaz'd, and shiver'd with the God—
'Twas in that extacy, that amorous trance,
That Love, on Fiction, got the Child ROMANCE."

## BANK OF RHODE-ISLAND.

THE Stockholders are notified, That in pursuance of the ninth article of the Charter of Incorporation, a semi-annual dividend will be declared and paid, on Monday the 29th instant.

That in conformity to the sixth and seventh articles of the said charter, a general meeting of the Stockholders is to be holden at the State-house in this town, on Monday the 5th day of January next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be deemed necessary.

Transferring of shares will cease from the 19th instant, until the 31st instant.

*By Order of the President & Directors,*
M. SEIXAS, *Cashier.*

*Newport, Dec. 16th, 1800.*

## KINE-POX.

BENJAMIN WAITE CASE,
PHYSICIAN,

Is possessed of genuine matter of the Kine-Pox; proved to be such by his own experiments, made with it in this town: They who wish to be inoculated, by applying to him—may depend upon careful treatment, and strict attention.

*Newport, Dec.* 15, 1800.

## GIBBS & CHANNING

Have for Sale,

St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.

Holland's. Russia and Raven's Duck, of the first quality.

Russia Iron, flat and square, assorted.

Cordage and Cables of all dimensions.

Ticklenburghs, Oznabrigs, and sewing Twine.

Brown and bleached Flemish Linen.

Platilles Royales; Brittannias; Creas; Haarlem Stripes; Rouans; Checks; Estopillas; Wahrendorps; Writing-Paper; Looking-Glasses & Brushes, by the Package.

Bohea, souchong, hyson, chulang, and gunpowder Tea, of the latest importation, by the chest or larger quantity.

China, in dining and tea setts; Cups and Saucers; Bowls and Pitchers—by the Package.

Nankeens; Fans; and Window-Blinds.

New-England Rum by the hogshead or cargo, on short notice.

Molasses per hogshead; best Holland Gin per pipe; 7 by 9 Glass.

Superfine Flour; Spermaceti Candles, &c.

*Newport, Nov.* 14, 1800.

## NATHAN B. MILLER,

*Most respectfully acquaints his Friends, in the Town and Country,*

THAT he has lately received a fresh Supply of such Goods as are usually sold at his Store, consisting generally of

Brandy in Pipes—4th Proof, entitled to Drawback.

Sherry Wine in Ditto—entitled to Drawback—very good.

Ditto in Quarter-Casks.

Port-Wine in Pipes—of an excellent Quality.

India Sugars—Loaf Sugar by the Hundred, or less Quantity—brown Sugar by the Hogshead.

Boston Chocolate, fresh—a few Hogsheads of Jamaica Spirits.

Geneva by the Cask, and Pepper by the Bag.

Bohea Tea by the Chest, or less Quantity, and a few Cases of Florence Oil.—the Whole of which will be sold as low as at any Store in Newport, for Cash, or approved Notes.

Also, a few Boxes of PIPES—of various Sizes. *Nov.* 26, 1800.

## JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; Salt petre'd Hams; Candles by the Box; Iron Cabouses; Turks-Island Salt; a few Boxes of Havanna Sugar and genuine SPANISH SEGARS.

—ALSO—

Honey by the Hogshead or Gallon, New-York Soap by the Box, and two large Scale Beams.

—LIKEWISE—

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment and various other Articles in the Grocery Line a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties Masters of Packets Passengers &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

*July* 1, 1800.

## JOHN BOURS, jun.

*Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC, in general*

*That he has just received, at his* STORE, *opposite General MARTIN's,*

A new Supply of

WINTER GOODS,

which he is determined to sell very low.

Also a Number of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

## *GROCERIES of a warranted good quality, and at the lowest prices,*

*WHOLESALE & RETAIL, by*

HAZARD & GARDNER,

*At their Stores, one door North of the Coffee-House, and on Stevens's Wharf,*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Madeira* | *WINES.* | *Mace* | |
| *Sherry* | | *Cassia* | |
| *Lisbon* | | *Black Pepper* | |
| *Malaga* | | *Alspice* | |
| *& Port* | | *Ginger* | |
| *Holland Gin* | | *English Mustard, by the lb. or bottle* | |
| *West-India Rum* | | *West-India Cayanne* | |
| *Cogniac & Barcelona Brandy* | | *Loaf & other Sugars* | |
| *Anniseed Cordial* | | *Salad Oil* | |
| *London Porter* | | *Anchovies* | |
| *Gunpowder* | *TEAS.* | *Capers by the lb. or bottle* | |
| *Hyson* | | *Castile & brown Soap* | |
| *Souchong & Bohea* | | *Spermaceti and Tallow mould Candles* | |
| *Green Coffee* | | *Naples Hair-Powder* | |
| *Rice* | | *Poland white and ragged blue Starch* | |
| *No. 1. & No. 2 Boston Chocolate* | | *Spanish Indigo* | |
| *Almonds* | | *Havanna Segars* | |
| *Box Raisins* | | *Fig Tobacco* | |
| *Zante Currants* | | *Essence Spruce* | |
| *Citron* | | *Corks* | |
| *Cloves* | | *Powder, Shot, &c.* | |
| *Nutmegs* | | | |

*Also—A small invoice of fashionable and common assorted Glass Ware.*

*Ditto Brass Latches.*

*Town and country retailers are invited to purchase; liberal credit will be given them.*

*To those who have formed themselves their customers, they tender their express thanks.——Transient custom will be gratefully received.* *Newport, Oct.* 51.

## *CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN*

Has for Sale, at his Store,
In Newport.

St. Petersburg clean Hemp.

Russia—old Sable Iron, from Two to three Inches broad.

Russia Duck.

Ravens Duck.

White and Brown Russia Sheeting.

*October* 27, 1800.

## H. SENTER,

HAVING returned from England, (through the medium of this paper) wishes to inform his friends and acquaintances, that he intends to prosecute the business of his deceased father.

*Newport, Nov.* 24, 1800.

## TO BE SOLD,

A Two-story HOUSE, situated on the Point, lately occupied by JOSIAS SOUTHWICK, now in possession of his Wife; it stands on a Lot, which extends 100 feet on two streets, a good stand for a shop.——For terms apply to

BENJAMIN GARDINER,
of Middletown.

*Newport, December* 1, 1800

## EARL & WHITEHORNE

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At their store, on Major Handy's wharf,

NEWPORT,

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Groceries, Ship-Chandlery, Hardware, &c.

Which they will dispose of on reasonable Terms, by *WHOLESALE* and *RETAIL.*

*Among which are the following articles:*

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| West-India Rum | | Middlings |
| Madeira | WINES. | Almonds |
| Sherry | | Essence Spruce |
| Teneriffe—and | | Mustard |
| Claret | | Black Pepper |
| Holland Gin | | Sweet Oil |
| Loaf and brown Sugars | | Ginger |
| Hyson, | TEAS. | Starch |
| Souchong, | | Hair-Powder |
| Chulang—and | | Allum |
| Bohea | | Copperas |
| Coffee | | Brimstone |
| Currants | | Lampblack |
| Raisins and Figs | | Spanish Brown |
| Rice and Salt | | New-York Soap |
| Superfine and fine Flour | | Vinegar |
| Rye Ditto | | Spanish Segars |
| | | Crockery Ware by the Crate. |

Cinnamon; Cassia; Cloves; Nutmegs; Mace; Chocolate; Salt-Petre; 6 by 8 Window-Glass; Grind-stones.

And a Consignment of

DRY GOODS:

Consisting of Superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Cambricks, worsted Hose, &c. &c. which will be disposed of very low.—Also Cabouses and Stoves.

Hibbert's best brown Stout and London Porter; Tobacco; Shot by the bag or single pound; Paints by the keg; Sheet-Lead; sheathing, cartridge, cannon, and writing Paper; English and Raven's Duck; Cordage of all sorts; Bunting; brass Amplitude, and common Compasses; Mattrasses; Quadrants; Tin by the box; Lanthorn-Horns; Time-Glasses; Spikes and Nails assorted; Philadelphia Bar-Iron; Screw-Augers; Files and Rasps; Gimblets; Saws; Hinges; Ship Scrapers; Mops; Scrubbing-Brushes; Japann'd Trumpets; Waiters; Hand-Pumps; Axes; Hatchets; Screws; Deep-Sea Leads; Sail-Needles; and an assortment of Charts.

A L S O

China—ish Tea Setts; and Windsor Chairs by the dozen.

With many other articles not enumerated.

☞ They likewise transact Business on Commission. *Oct.* 7, 1800.

## *RUM & ONIONS.*

*5 puncheons of 3d proof superior flavoured Grenada Rum.*

*6000 Bunches Weathersfield (Connect.) Onions, for Sale, if soon applied for, by*

*HAZARD & GARDNER.*

Newport, Sept. 22, 1800.

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St. Petersburgh Hemp, first quality,

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Old and new Sable Iron.

And a few thousand weight of best Bourbon Coffee.

*Newport, November* 19, 1800.

## *GODFREY WENWOOD*

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NEW superfine and common Flour per barrel; Middlings ditto; Mistic Tyle, per dozen; and Blown Salt, per bushel or less quantity.

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A large quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the bushel. *Sept.* 30, 1800.

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*WILLIAM CRANSTON.*

*Newport, Dec.* 15, 1800.

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JOSEPH CUNDELL.

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Also the Ferry across the Hudson river commonly known by the name of Esopus-Ferry, which is not exceeded in business by any on the river. It is the main crossing place, from the Nothward and Eastward, of the Western Country, and particularly the common and best rout to Philadelphia—Ohio—Kentuck—New-Connecticut, Susquehanna and Delaware.—It is perhaps the most public Ferry on the North-River.—The Mail crosses it three times every week for Philadelphia, and the business is daily encreasing.

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For further particulars enquire of JOHN HAGADORN, Esq; Attorney at Law, at South-Kingstown, who can give particular information respecting the property—or the subscriber, on the premises, who will give an indisputable title when the property will be sold, either separate or together, as may suit the purchaser, and payments will be easy.

JOHN RADCLIFF.

*Rhinebeck-Landing, Oct.* 15, 18